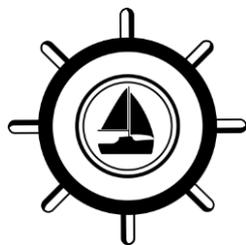


Policy for Inclusion and Special Educational Needs



Whitstable Junior School

Headteacher Ms Sarah Kent
SENCO Ms Kirsten Collin
Inclusion Lead Ms Kirsten Collin

Approved by: Full Governing Body

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1. Aims

'Learning today for Life tomorrow.'

Whitstable Junior School Community Code

- Be Safe
- Be Kind
- Be Responsible

At Whitstable Junior School we share a life-long love of learning and celebrate success in all its forms. We recognise that a proportion of our students have Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities (SEND). We are committed to making appropriate provision for them to ensure that they have full and equal access to the curriculum and are enabled to reach their full educational potential, leaving Whitstable Junior School well prepared for their next stage in education and beyond. We will support all our pupils to take responsibility for all aspects of their learning. We will make sure that every child, whatever their need, has a sense of belonging, feels safe, nurtured, respected and is valued for who they are. Inclusion is positioned at the heart of our school - we are committed to inclusion and removing any potential barriers to learning and participation. We believe in equality of opportunity and we aim to create a kind, supportive yet challenging environment that values difference and recognises the achievements of all children.

Whitstable Junior School's Policy for Inclusion and Special Educational Needs aims to:

- Ensure our school fully implements national legislation and Kent Local Authority's guidance and expectations.

Sets out how our school will:

- Support pupils with SEND ensuring our best endeavours to provide the appropriate provision to enable positive outcomes.
- Provide an inclusive environment that enables pupils to access all aspects of school life alongside their peers.
- Provide pupils with the skills and attributes that enable them to become confident individuals who can successfully live fulfilling lives.
- Support pupils with SEND to realise their aspirations and achieve their best.
- Communicate with pupils with SEND and their parents or carers ensuring co-production and seek pupil and parent or carer voices to fully involve them in decision making and discussions to support their child's provision.

- Communicate and explain the roles and responsibilities of key school and external professionals who are supporting the provision for pupils with SEND.
- Ensure the SEND Policy is understood and implemented consistently by all staff and is monitored by Governors

At Whitstable junior School, all pupils irrespective of need access a broad and balanced curriculum which is delivered through high quality inclusive teaching to enable every pupil to make progress and reach their full potential socially, emotionally and academically. When required to do so, the school will make reasonable adjustments to support pupils with SEND. The school sets high expectations and aspirations for each individual pupil, working together with them, and their parents/carers to ensure that pupils with SEND become confident and independent children and young people who are able to successfully transition to the next phase of their education or adult life.

2. Legislation and Guidance

This policy is written in line with:

The regulation associated with:

- Children and Families Act 2014 – Part 3: [Children And Families Act 2014 Part 3](#)
- Special Educational needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice 2015:
- The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014: [The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014](#)
- Equality Act 2010: [Equality Act 2010](#)
- School Admission Code 2021 [School Admission Code 2021](#)
- The School Information Regulations: Updated 24/10/24
<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/what-maintained-schools-must-publish-online>
- Governance in Maintained Schools Handbook 2024: [Governance in Maintained Schools](#)

Kent Local Authority:

The Local Authority's local offer

The Local Authority's Offer can be found in the SEND Information Report

<https://www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/special-educational-needs>

Countywide Approach to Inclusive Education (CATIE)

[A Countywide Approach to Inclusive Education \(kelsi.org.uk\)](#)

What does inclusion mean in Kent?

'As the champion of families, children, and young people our collective priorities are to be certain that all children and young people are engaged with and included in the provision of high-quality inclusive education. Ensuring that, whatever their circumstance or ability, our children have a sense of belonging, feel respected, are valued for who they are and develop the knowledge and skills required for adult life. In doing so, we strive to achieve a continuous improvement in standards, a significant narrowing of achievement gaps for vulnerable groups of learners and a wholly inclusive education system which ensures:

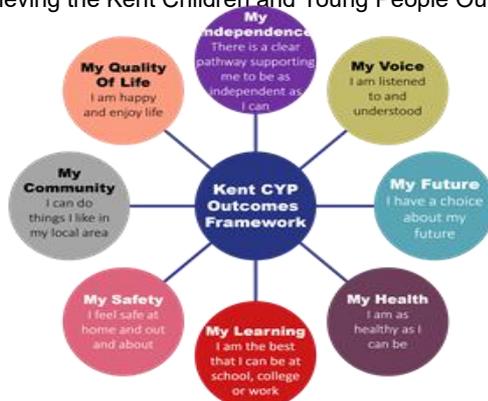
- **Equitable access for all.** Sufficient, appropriate, quality education provision is available for all children and young people in Kent.
- **No child is left behind.** All children and young people are supported to be engaged fully in their education.
- **Effective collaboration.** There is collaboration and multi-agency working providing a self-informing, sustainable system which supports the education of all.' (KCC: CATIE p 2-3)

Special Educational Needs Mainstream Core Standards (ordinarily available provision) : [Special Educational Needs Mainstream Core Standards](#)

The Mainstream Core Standards:

- Sets out the provision that the Local Area has agreed should be ordinarily available for Children and Young People with SEND
- Provides guidance and advice to support schools to meet the needs of and include Children Young People with SEND
- Provides clear guidance to schools on the statutory duties regarding the inclusion of Children and Young People with SEND
- Provides information to all stakeholders on the work of schools in relation to the inclusion of Children and Young People with SEND.

The school is working towards the ultimate goal of growing independent young people as they prepare for adulthood. All provision and support at Whitstable Junior School works towards achieving the Kent Children and Young People Outcomes Framework



Our SEND policy should be read in conjunction with our school's policies published on our website :

- SEN Information Report
- Safeguarding Policy: <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=5070&type=pdf>
- Behaviour Policy: <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=5165&type=pdf>
- Accessibility Plan: <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=4990&type=pdf>
- Attendance and Punctuality Policy: <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=5090&type=pdf>
- Mental Health Policy: <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=5168&type=pdf>

3. Definitions

Definition of SEN

' A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her.

A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty if he or she:

- Has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
- Has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools to mainstream post-16 institutions'

(DFE/DOH 2015: 15-16)

Definition of Disability:

'Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010- that is '...a physical or mental impairment which is a long-term and substantial adverse

effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.’ This definition provides a low threshold and includes more children than many realise: ‘Long term’ is defined as a ‘year or more’ and ‘substantial’ is defined as ‘more than minor or trivial’. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is sufficient overlap between disabled children and young people and those with SEN. Where a disabled child or young person requires a special educational provision, they will also be covered by the SEN definition’ (DfE/DOH 2015: 16)

Special Educational Needs Register:

At Whitstable Junior School, the SENCO will regularly review the SEN register as part of the Graduated Approach. The SENCO will work in co-production with parents/carers and if required key external professionals to ensure high quality SEN provision is in place, informing parents/carers of any changes that have been agreed. School staff will also be informed, and records updated accordingly on the appropriate school system. A diagnosis does not necessarily mean that a pupil will be placed on the SEN register if the universal and targeted provision the pupil is accessing is enabling them to make good progress.

Special Educational Needs (SEN) support

‘SEN support means support that is additional to, or different from, the support generally made for other children of the same age in a school. It is provided for pupils who are identified as having a learning difficulty or a disability that requires extra or different help to that normally provided as part of the school’s usual curriculum offer. A pupil on SEN support will not have an education, health and care plan.’

<https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/find-statistics/special-educational-needs-in-england>

Education, health and care (EHC) plans

A local authority may issue an EHC plan for a pupil who needs more support than is available through SEN support. This will follow a statutory assessment process whereby the local authority considers the pupil’s special educational needs and any relevant health and social care needs; sets out long term outcomes; and specifies provision which will deliver additional support to meet those needs.

<https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/find-statistics/special-educational-needs-in-england>

Monitoring.

At Whitstable Junior School, we understand that some children may not fully meet the criteria for SEN Support but they will be receiving a large amount of additional support through quality

first teaching in the classroom. These are children whose progress we will be monitoring closely, therefore we have created our own in-school category called '**monitoring**'. This way we can be sure that any child who should be moved onto SEN Support will be, as soon as is necessary.

4. Inclusion and Equal Opportunity

At our school we strive to create an inclusive teaching environment that offers all pupils, no matter their needs and abilities, a broad, balanced and challenging curriculum. We are committed to offering all pupils the chance to thrive and fulfil their aspirations.

We will achieve this by making reasonable adjustments to teaching, the curriculum and the school environment to make sure that pupils with SEND are included in all aspects of school life.

Please see our Equality Information and Objectives Policy on our school website for further information around the steps we take to ensure equality. <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=3532&type=pdf>

5. Roles and Responsibilities – in conjunction with SEN Information Report

Whitstable Junior School works strategically in line with the Special Educational Needs Code of Practice 2015.

This policy will be shared with all stakeholders and published on our school website.

The school will ensure that pupils, parents and carers have:

- Access to impartial information, advice and support throughout their time in the school to help them make informed decisions and choices about their future.
- Are effectively supported to understand their rights and decision-making processes and choices regarding their plans and support.
- An understanding of their individual plans, outcomes, provision and support and the reasons why some changes may not be possible

(Area SEND inspections: framework and handbook updated April 2024)

5.1 SENCO

All maintained schools and academies are required by law to have a named SENCO who is a qualified teacher and has been awarded the National Award for Special Educational Needs Coordination (prior to September 2024) or The National Professional Qualification for SEND (from September 2024). SENCOs must complete the qualification within three years of taking up the post.

At Whitstable Junior School our SENCO is Ms Kirsten Collin

Contact details kcollin@whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk 01227 272385

Kirsten Collin completed her Post Graduate certificate in Special Educational Needs Coordination at The Institute of Education in 2014 and has worked as the SENCO at Whitstable Junior School for the last 6 years. She is a qualified Attachment Aware, Trauma Informed Lead and a senior Mental Health lead.

The SENCO has an important role to play with the headteacher and governing body with regards to the strategic oversight and implementation of Whitstable Junior School's SEN policy and development.

They will:

- Oversee the day-to-day responsibility and implementation of the SEND policy.
- Ensure all statutory requirements are adhered to throughout the year
- Co-ordinate provision for children with SEN using the graduated approach – Assess, Plan, Do, Review to review and monitor provision for all pupils with SEN.
- Communicate and provide all staff with the key SEN and medical information, advice, guidance, and strategies to support pupils with SEN ensuring high quality provision across the school.
- Collaborate with teachers, support staff, parents and carers regarding all aspects of their child(ren)'s provision including interventions and outcomes.
- Offer professional guidance to staff to secure high quality inclusive provision in the classroom and throughout the school day.
- Collaborate with curriculum leaders to remove barriers to learning.
- Develop and lead whole school continued professional development to ensure high quality provision for all pupils with SEN.
- Liaise with early years providers, other schools, educational psychologists, health and social care professionals, and independent or voluntary bodies.

- Liaise with potential next providers of education to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010 regarding reasonable adjustments and access arrangements.
- Be the key point of contact for external agencies, especially the local authority and its support services
- Ensure the school keeps up-to-date records of all pupils with SEN.
- Ensure any pupils who has a part time timetable is agreed with parent/carers, is registered on the KELS I website and a clear re-integration strategy is planned in conjunction with the parent/carer and pupil.
- Hold status in order to have capacity and authority to make change.

- Ensure genuine coproduction and collaboration with the wider community.
- Advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively
- To keep up to date with key national and local SEN development.
- Attend key meetings organised by the local authority such as The Countywide SENCO Forum to ensure they have up-to-date strategic and operational information.
- Is fully involved in all aspects of transition planning whether phased or in year regarding pupils with SEND, following expectations set out in the District Plans and Kent Transition Charter. Ensuring parents/carers are fully informed throughout the transition period.
- Work closely with other colleagues and SENCOs in their Community of Schools.

Our SENCO is also the Designated Teacher for looked after children

Developed from DfE/DOH SEND Code of Practice 2015:108-109

5.2 Headteacher

The headteacher will:

- Work closely with the SENCO and SEN link governor to determine the strategic development of the SEN policy and provision across the school.
- Work with the SENCO and governors to ensure the school adheres to all legislative and statutory guidance keeping up to date with all key national and local policies and expected SEN practice.
- Ensure the SENCO has sufficient time and resources to effectively carryout their role.
- Work closely with the SENCO to carry out their duties employing the Graduated Approach, using their 'best endeavours' and when required making reasonable adjustments to ensure the school is providing high quality SEN provision.
- Have overall responsibility for the provision for pupils with SEN, their progress, and outcomes.
- Have the responsibility for monitoring the school's notional SEN budget and any additional funding allocated by the LA to support individual pupils or SEN provision for groups of pupils.

5.3 SEND Governor

Our Governing Body has a legal responsibility to pupils with SEN as defined in the Children and Families Act 2014 and SEND Code of Practice 2015.

The SEN governor will:

- Help to raise awareness of SEN issues at governing board meetings.
- Monitor the quality and effectiveness of SEN and disability provision within the school and update the governing body following monitoring visits.
- Work with the headteacher and SENCO to determine the strategic development of the SEN policy and provision in the school.

Governing bodies have legal duties in relation to pupils with SEND that are set out in the [Children and Families Act 2014](#) and the [SEND code of practice](#).

Governing bodies should have an individual responsible for specific oversight of the school's arrangements for children with SEND.

The [SEND code of practice](#) assists the governing body and the link or lead governor in supporting and promoting discussions with regards to outcomes for learners with SEND.

DfE: Maintained schools guidance guide: updated 2 October 2024 [Maintained Schools Handbook](#)

Our SEN Governor is Viv Hayward.

5.4 Teachers

All teachers are teachers of pupils with special educational needs. Our SENCO provides a vital strategic role and provides significant advice and support to teachers, but the responsibility for the learning and progress of all children lies with the teacher.

'High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the starting point in responding to pupils who have or may have SEN. Additional intervention and SEN support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching.'

Schools should regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving, teachers' understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils, and their knowledge of the SEN most frequently encountered.'(DfE/DoH SEND Code of Practice 2015: 25)

Every teacher is responsible for:

- The progress and development of every pupil in their class
- Instilling high aspirations for every pupil.
- Delivering a broad balanced curriculum embedding high-quality inclusive teaching strategies and resources

- Follow and implement the Mainstream Core Standards throughout
- Working closely with teaching assistants or specialist staff to plan, monitor, track and assess the impact of support and interventions, and how they can be transitioned and embedded in the classroom.
- Working with the SENCO to review each pupil's progress and development, and decide on any changes to provision.
- Ensure any Individual Provision Maps are up-to-date and reviewed with next steps and to ensure this is communicated with parents/carers at least three times per year
- Gathering information as part of the Annual Review process (where appropriate)
- Regular liaison with parents and the SENDCo (where appropriate)
- The completion of referral paperwork alongside the SENCO
- Ensuring all children are aware of their targets and how they are working towards these
- Ensuring they follow this SEN policy.

We have a team of LSAs, including 2 higher-level teaching assistants (HLTAs) who are trained to deliver SEN provision.

Support staff are responsible for:

- Ensuring that day to day provision is in place for the pupils they support
- Implementing agreed strategies, programmes and advice from specialists
- Record keeping, tracking attendance, progress and impact of interventions
- Providing appropriate resources to enable interventions and learning
- Maintaining specialist equipment where appropriate
- Regular communication with class teacher and the SENCO around progress and possible next
- steps

5.5 Parents and carers

Parents and carers should inform the school if they have any concerns about their child's progress socially, physically, emotionally, or academically or if there are any changes to provision that have been advised by key external professionals working with their child following an appointment.

Parents/ carers are actively involved in all aspects of the decision-making process through meetings or agreed forms of communication and are afforded every opportunity to contribute discussions regarding their child's SEN provision.

They will be:

- Invited to discuss and review the provision that is in place for their child
- Asked to provide information about the impact of SEN support outside school and any changes in the pupil's needs
- Given the opportunity to share their concerns and, with school staff, agree their aspirations for the pupil
- Given an annual report on the pupil's progress
- The school will take into account the views of the parent or carer in any decisions made about the pupil.

5.6 The pupil

Seeking the voice of the pupil is an important aspect of ensuring the SEN provision is highly effective for every pupil with SEN.

Pupils are given every opportunity to express their view and provide information to support review meetings as part of our Graduated Approach in year meetings and for pupils with an EHCP the statutory Annual Review. However, the voice of the pupil can be sought at any time throughout the school year.

This might involve the pupil:

- Explaining what their strengths and difficulties are
- Contributing to setting targets or outcomes
- Attending review meetings
- Giving feedback on the effectiveness of interventions

The pupil's views will be taken into account in making decisions that affect them, whenever possible.

6. SEND Information Report

Our SEN policy works in conjunction with our SEN Information report which sets out how this policy is implemented in the school.

The SEN Information Report is updated annually or if necessary, when changes to the information may be required during the academic year.

7. Admissions and Accessibility

Whitstable Junior School is aware of its obligations under the Equality Act 2010 and complies with non-discrimination provisions and admissions processes.

All children with SEND are afforded the same rights as other children in terms of their admission to school. However, children who have undergone a statutory Assessment and are having their needs met through the provision of an Education Health Care plan, are given priority as part of the authority's school admissions procedures.

The admission arrangements for a child without an Education Health Care Plan do not discriminate against or disadvantage disabled children or those with special educational

needs.

8. Our school approach to SEN provision

Whitstable Junior School will assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment on entry, which will build on previous settings and Key Stages, where appropriate. Teachers will make regular assessments of progress for all pupils and identify those whose progress:

- Is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline.
- Fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress.
- Fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers.
- Widens the attainment gap.

DfE/DOH SEND Code of Practice: 2015, 6.17

This may include progress in areas other than attainment, for example, social, emotional and mental health needs.

When deciding whether special educational provision is required, the school will start with the desired outcomes, including the expected progress and attainment using the school's graduated approach, and the views and the wishes of the pupil and their parents. The school will use this to determine the support that is needed and whether the school can provide it by adapting the universal offer, or whether something different or additional is needed.

8.1 The kinds of special educational need for which provision is made

At Whitstable Junior School, provision is made to support pupils with additional needs irrespective of whether a pupil has an education health and care plan in conjunction with The Continuum of Provision and Need and using the Graduated Approach.

At Whitstable Junior School we will ensure our 'best endeavours' to meet the needs of pupils with an Educational Health and Care Plan (EHCP) with the following kinds of special educational need: Cognition and Learning Difficulties, Communication and Interaction, Sensory and/or Physical Needs and Social, Emotional and Mental Health needs. Decisions on the admission of pupils with an EHCP are made by the Local Authority.

8.2 The identification and assessment of pupils with special educational needs

In line with this SEND Code of Practice (DfE/DoH 2015) pupils at Whitstable Junior School are identified as either having no SEN, having SEN with support, or having a SEN with an Educational Health and Care Plan.

Progress is closely monitored throughout the year to review their academic progress and discussed at pupil progress meetings. However, pupils with SEN may have more frequent assessments

Teachers carry out regular assessments to track progress and identify pupils who despite using high quality inclusive teaching strategies are:

- Working significantly slower than their peers who have the same starting point.
- Are unable to maintain or improve their progress rate
- Are unable to close the attainment gap in line with their peers or the gap is widening.

This may also include progress and development in areas other than academic attainment such as social, emotional, and physical.

To support pupils, the school uses a range of assessments to review and monitor the broader developmental needs and progress of all pupils such as reading assessments. These may include: Junior Language Link (a speech and language programme), Making Numbers Matter diagnostic assessment, Sandwell Numeracy assessment, Dynamo maths assessment, MALT (maths number age) assessments, decoding reading age assessments, comprehension reading age assessments, Spelling Age assessments, QCA assessments, Boxall, spence anxiety scale and end-of key stage SATs.

These tests will enable the early identification of difficulties that a pupil may present. Information collected from the testing will inform the appropriate intervention and provision to support progress and outcomes.

This process of on-going teacher assessments and pupil progress meetings identifies those pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. The school's first response is high quality targeted teaching by the class teacher and implementation of the Mainstream Core Standards.

Teachers at Whitstable Junior School are responsible for classroom provision delivering a well sequenced and resourced curriculum and use high quality inclusive teaching strategies which are scaffolded, with adaptations and the implementation of the Mainstream Core Standards to meet a pupil's needs.

When teachers identify an area where a pupil is making slow progress or where they have concerns, the class teacher will discuss their concerns with the SENCO. In deciding whether to make special educational provision, the teacher and SENCO will consider all of the information gathered from within the school about the pupil's progress, alongside the views of parents/carers and pupil. This is part of the Graduated approach where we assess, plan, do and review:

If the support needed can be provided by adapting the school's core offer, then a child might not be considered SEND or placed on the SEND register. If, however, the support required is different from, or additional to what is ordinarily offered by the school, the child will be placed on the SEND register at SEND Support. The school will then seek to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place using an Individual Provision Plan (IPP). This continues the cycle of assess, plan, do, review with the child/young person at the centre of the process.

Teachers will inform parents/carers at an early stage to make them aware and discuss the further supporting strategies that the teacher will use to help the pupil.

Commented [S1]: Dynamo maths assessment

The purpose of a more detailed assessment will identify what additional resources and/or different approach is required to enable the pupil to make better progress. These will be shared with parents/carers, written into SEN provision plans, which are regularly reviewed, refined, and revised. At this point the SENCO will have identified that the pupil has an additional need because the school is making provision for the pupil which is additional and different to what is normally available. Teachers will be informed throughout the process and training will be delivered to ensure the provision is of a high quality.

It is important to note as stated in the SEND Code of Practice (DfE/DoH,2015 6.23) that slower than expected progress and lower attainment does not automatically mean a pupil would be recorded as having SEN.

If the pupil is able to make good progress using this additional and different resource but would not be able to maintain this good progress without it, the school will continue to identify the pupils having special educational need. If the pupil is able to make good progress without the additional or different resources, they will not be identified as having special educational needs. When any change of identification of SEN is amended, parents/carers will be notified.

The school will ensure that all teachers and support staff who work with a pupil with SEN or have an additional need are made fully aware of the provision that each individual pupil requires through class and individual provision maps.

8.3 Consulting with Parents

All parents of children at Whitstable Junior School are invited to discuss the progress of their children on two occasions a year and receive a written report once per year. Parents of children with SEND have an additional meeting each year. In addition, we are happy to arrange meetings outside these times. As part of our normal teaching arrangements, any child may access some additional teaching to help them catch-up if the progress monitoring indicates that this is necessary; this will not imply that the child has a special educational need. All such provision will be recorded, tracked and evaluated on a Class Provision Map which will be shared with parents two times per year. A blank example of this provision map is also on our website.

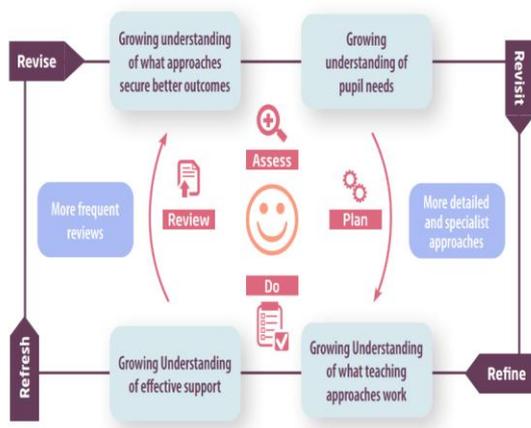
Commented [S2]: Repeated – also on page 9

If following this normal provision improvements in progress are not seen, we will contact parents to discuss the use of internal or external assessments which will help us to address these needs better. If a child is identified as having special educational needs because special educational provision is being made their parent or carer will be invited to planning and reviews of any provision being made. Parents will be actively supported to contribute to assessment, planning and review.

In addition to this, parents of children with an Education, Health and Care Plan will be invited to contribute to and attend an annual review, which, wherever possible will also include other agencies involved with the child. Information will be made accessible for parents.

9. Assessing, Monitoring, Reviewing and Evaluating Progress towards Outcomes

The school will make its best endeavours through the graduated approach:



<p>Assess</p>	<p>We will ensure that we regularly assess all pupils' needs so that each child's progress and development is carefully tracked compared to their peers and national expectations. We will listen to the views and experience of parents/carers and the pupil.</p> <p>We will examine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The teacher's assessment and experience of the pupil ➤ The pupil's previous progress and attainment or behaviour ➤ Other teachers' assessments, where relevant ➤ The pupil's individual development compared to their peers and national data. ➤ Collaboration with parents/carers to seek their views and experience and agreed next steps. ➤ The pupil's own views ➤ Advice from external support services, if relevant
<p>Plan</p>	<p>Where SEND Support is required the teacher and SENCO will create a plan outlining the adaptations, interventions and support which will be put in place for the pupil as well as the expected impact on progress and outcomes, including a date when this will be reviewed. Targets for the pupil will be shared with them using child friendly language and with parents/carers. All staff who work with the pupil will be made aware of the plan.</p>
<p>Do</p>	<p>We will put our plan into practice.</p>

	The class teacher is responsible for working with the pupil on a daily basis. They will also liaise closely with support staff or specialists who provide support set out in the plan and monitor the progress being made. Where required, the SENCO will provide support, guidance and advice for the teacher.
Review	The plan, including the impact of the support and interventions, will be reviewed on a regular basis by the teacher, SENCO, parent/carer and the pupil. This will inform the planning of next steps for a further period or, where successful, the removal of the pupil from SEND Support. This may mean the Plan, Assess, Do, Review cycle continues.

At all times teachers and support staff who work closely with the pupil will be made aware of their needs, provision plan outcomes, key strategies, provision and approaches to support them throughout the school day. Any changes to provision will be communicated in a timely manner through the school's SEN protocols and processes as set out in the SEN Information Report.

This policy and SEN Information Report will be reviewed by Kirsten Collin (SENCO) every year. It will also be updated to reflect any changes to the information or statutory policy.

The policy will be approved by the governing body and available to read and refer to on the school's website.

10. Complaints about SEND Provision

The normal arrangements for the treatment of complaints at Whitstable Junior School are used for complaints about provision made for special educational needs. A copy of the complaints policy can be found on the school website. <https://www.whitstable-junior.kent.sch.uk/attachments/download.asp?file=4943&type=pdf>

Complaints about SEN provision at Whitstable Junior School should be made to the teacher/SENCO/headteacher in the first instance. They will then be referred to the school's complaints policy.

Parents/carers of pupils with disabilities have the right to make disability discrimination claims to the first tier SEND tribunal if they believe that the school has discriminated against their child. They can make a claim about alleged discrimination regarding:

- Exclusions
- Provision of education and associated services
- Making reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services

All complaints relating to a named member of staff must be sent to the headteacher/principal.

If a complaint is not resolved after it has been considered by the governing body and you are not satisfied with the school's response, you can escalate the complaint. In some circumstances, this right also applies to the pupil themselves.

To see a full explanation of suitable avenues for complaint, pages 246 and 247 of the SEND Code of Practice [SEND Code of Practice](#)

10. Glossary and SEND Acronyms

- › **Access arrangements** – special arrangements to allow pupils with SEND to access assessments or exams
- › **Annual review** – an annual meeting to review the provision in a pupil's EHC plan
- › **Area of need** – the 4 areas of need describe different types of needs a pupil with SEND can have. The 4 areas are communication and interaction; cognition and learning; physical and/or sensory; and social, emotional and mental health needs.
- › **EHC needs assessment** – the needs assessment is the first step on the way to securing an EHC plan. The local authority will do an assessment to decide whether a child needs an EHC plan.
- › **EHC plan** – an education, health and care plan is a legally-binding document that sets out a child's needs and the provision that will be put in place to meet their needs.
- › **First-tier tribunal/SEND tribunal** – a court where you can appeal against the local authority's decisions about EHC needs assessments or plans and against discrimination by a school or local authority due to SEND
- › **Graduated approach** – an approach to providing SEND support in which the school provides support in successive cycles of assessing the pupil's needs, planning the provision, implementing the plan, and reviewing the impact of the action on the pupil
- › **Intervention** – a short-term, targeted approach to teaching a pupil with a specific outcome in mind
- › **Local offer** – information provided by the local authority which explains what services and support are on offer for pupils with SEND in the local area
- › **Outcome** – target for improvement for pupils with SEND. These targets do not necessarily have to be related to academic attainment
- › **Reasonable adjustments** – changes that the school must make to remove or reduce any disadvantages caused by a child's disability
- › **SENCO** – the special educational needs co-ordinator
- › **SEN** – special educational needs
- › **SEND** – special educational needs and disabilities
- › **SEND Code of Practice** – the statutory guidance that schools must follow to support pupils with SEND
- › **SEND information report** – a report that schools must publish on their website, that explains how the school supports pupils with SEND

➤ **SEND support** – special educational provision which meets the needs of pupils with SEND

➤ **Transition** – when a pupil moves between years, phases, schools or institutions or life stages